## 4-9 Algebra: Ordered Pairs and Functions

## BUILD YOUR VOGABULARY (pages 86-87)

## Main IDEA

- Use ordered pairs to locate points and organize data.

The coordinate plane is formed when two intersect at their zero points. This point is called the origin. The $\square$ number line is the $\boldsymbol{x}$-axis and the
$\square$ number line is the $\boldsymbol{y}$-axis.

Ordered pairs name points on the coordinate plane. The number in an ordered pair is the $\boldsymbol{x}$-cooordinate, and the $\square$ number is the $\boldsymbol{y}$-coordinate.

## EXAMPLE Name Points Using Ordered Pairs

(1) Write the ordered pair that names point $S$.

Step 1 Start at the origin. Move right along the $\square$ until you are under point $S$. The $x$-coordinate of the ordered pair is $\square$

Step 2 Now move up until you reach point $S$. The $y$-coordinate is $\square$
So, point $S$ is named by the ordered pair $\square$

Check Your Progress
Write the ordered pair that names point $E$.


BUILD YOUR VOGABULARY (pages 86-87)
To graph a point means to place a dot at the point named by an $\square$

## EXAMPLES Graphing Ordered Pairs

(3) Graph the point $T(2,2)$.

- Start at the origin.
- Move $\square$ units to the right on the $x$-axis.
- Then move $\square$ units up to locate the point.
- Draw a dot and label the dot $\square$
3 Graph the point $U\left(1 \frac{1}{2}, 0\right)$.
- Start at the origin.
- The value $1 \frac{1}{2}$ is halfway between $\square$ and $\square$ So on the $x$-axis, move halfway between $\square$ and $\square$

- Move $\square$ units on the $y$-axis.
- Draw a dot and label the dot $\square$


## Check Your Progress

Graph and label each point on a coordinate plane.
a. $F(0,1)$
b. $G\left(2,2 \frac{1}{2}\right)$
c. $H(3,1.5)$


## EXAMPLES

4
PETS Amelia feeds her dog, Buster, 2 cups of food each day. Amelia made this table to show how much food Buster eats for $1,2,3$, and 4 days. List this information as ordered pairs (days, food).

The ordered pairs are

| Days | Food <br> (cups) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 3 | 6 |
| 4 | 8 |

$\square$
(5) Graph the ordered pairs in Example 3. Then describe the graph.

The points


## Check Your Progress <br> TABLES

Jordan is planning to have a party. The table shows the number of guests he can invite if he sets up $1,2,3$, and 4 tables. List this information as ordered pairs (tables, guests). Graph the ordered pairs. Then describe the graph.

| Tables | Guests |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 8 |
| 3 | 12 |
| 4 | 16 |

## Homework Assignment

Page(s):
Exercises:


