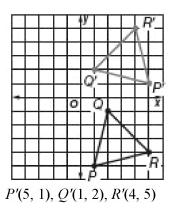
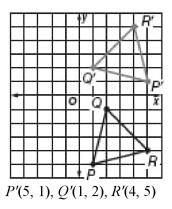
11-10 Rotations - Practice and Problem Solving

Triangle PQR has vertices P(1, -5), Q(2, -1), and R(5, -4). Graph the figure and its image after each rotation. Then give the coordinates of the vertices for triangle P'Q'R'.

7. 270° clockwise

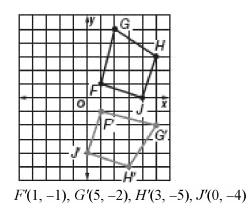


9. 90° counterclockwise

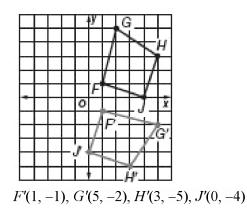


Quadrilateral *FGHJ* has vertices F(1, 1), G(2, 5), H(5, 3), and J(4, 0). Graph the figure and its image after each rotation. Then give the coordinates of the vertices for quadrilateral F'G'H'J'.

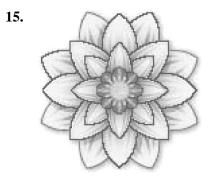
11. 90° clockwise



13. 270° counterclockwise



Determine whether each figure has rotational symmetry. Write *yes* or *no*. If *yes*, name its angle(s) of rotation.



yes; 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270°, 315°, and 360°

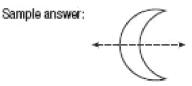
17.



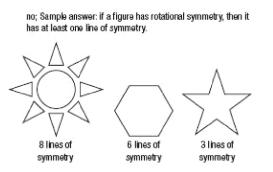
yes; 120°, 240°, and 360°

GEOMETRY Use the information on line symmetry on page 611 and the following information.

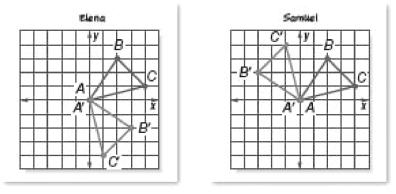
19. Draw a figure that has line symmetry but does not have rotational symmetry.



21. Is it possible for a figure to have rotational symmetry, but not line symmetry? Justify your response with a drawing or an explanation.



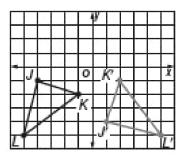
23. FIND THE ERROR Elena and Samuel are graphing triangle *ABC* with vertices at A(0, 0), B(2, 3), and C(4, 1) and its image after a rotation 90° counterclockwise about the origin. Who is correct? Explain.



Samuel; Sample answer: Elena rotated the image 90° clockwise.

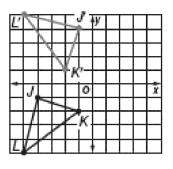
CHALLENGE Triangle JKL has vertices J(-4, -1), K(-1, -2), and L(-5, -5). Graph the figure and its image after each rotation about the origin. Then give the coordinates of the vertices for triangle J'K'L'.

25. 450° counterclockwise



J(1, -4), K(2, -1), and L(5, -5)

27. 630° counterclockwise



- J'(-1, 4), K'(-2, 1), and L'(-5, 5)
- **29.** Which figure shows the letter F after a rotation of 270° clockwise?



A

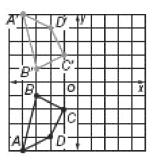
Graph quadrilateral ABCD and its resulting image after each transformation.

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31. reflection over the *y*-axis

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33. reflection over the *x*-axis



35. reflection over the *x*-axis, then over the *y*-axis

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					C	5	~	5	
-	_			_	\sim			В	7
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	1		7	C	_				
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